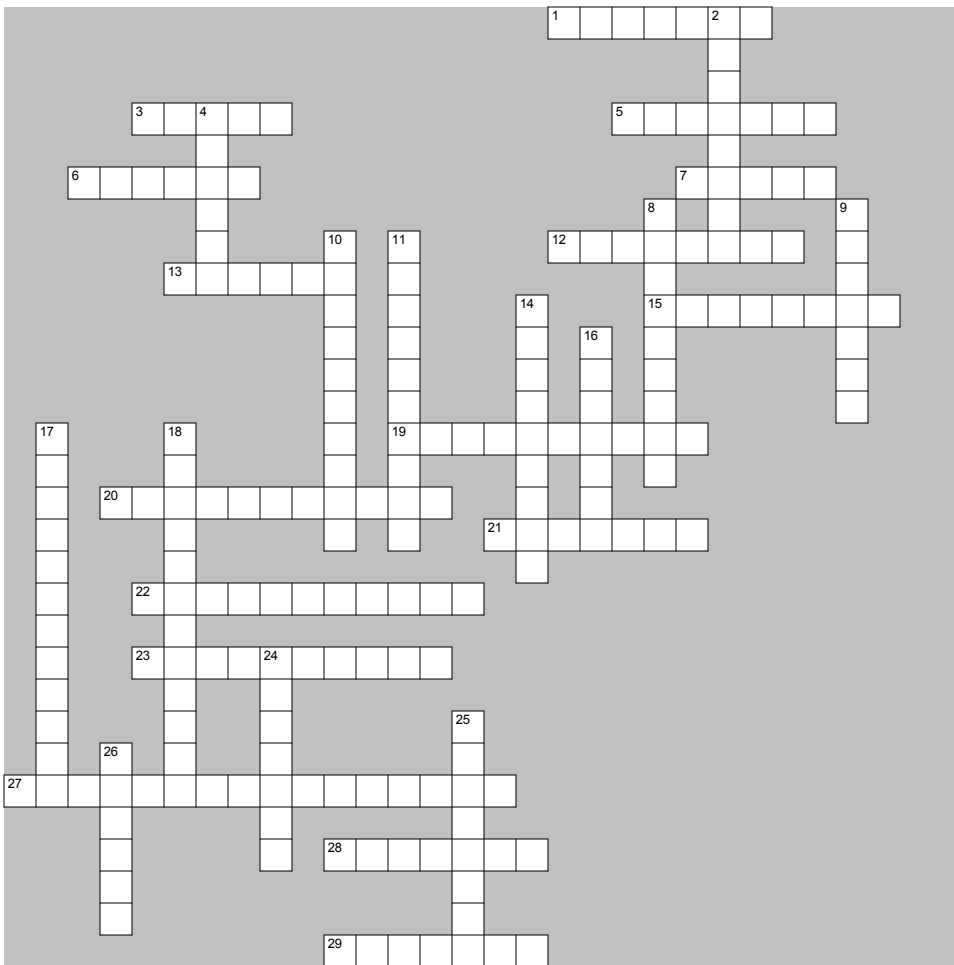


## Chapter 15 - Evolution



### Across

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Darwin wondered why there were none of this animal in Australia.</p> <p>3. This means "same".</p> <p>5. This man proposed that use or disuse of organs could affect traits passed onto offspring.</p> <p>6. The skink is a type of ??????</p> <p>7. Darwin noticed that the birds of the Galapagos had differently shaped ?????</p> <p>12. Alfred Wallace had done field work in this country.</p> <p>13. Name of ship that Darwin traveled on.</p> <p>15. This is an example of a vestigial organ in humans.</p> <p>19. This is any inherited characteristic that increases an organism's chance for survival.</p> | <p>20. Brussels Sprouts are related to ???????</p> <p>21. The preserved remains of ancient organisms are called ????</p> <p>22. What insect is on page 368?</p> <p>23. This country was visited just before Australia.</p> <p>27. This is defined as differences among individuals of a species.</p> <p>28. The little brown birds that Darwin collected in the Galapagos were all ?????</p> <p>29. This is the ability of an individual to survive and reproduce in its specific environment</p> |
|---|---|

### Down

2. This bird is on page 381.
4. This means "shape".
8. Name of islands off the coast of South America.
9. Many embryos look very ??? during the early stages of development.
10. Hood island had very sparse ?????
11. The tortoise from Isabela Island had a ?????? shell
14. This animal is an ancient relative of the armadillo.
16. This man said that human population would grow faster than the food supply.
17. The beaver and muskrat are found on this continent.
18. The coyote and capybara are found on this continent.
24. Country where Darwin was born.
25. The tip of Africa is called the Cape of ??????
26. This man proposed that Earth is shaped by geologic forces over long periods of time.